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AT the Court at St. *James's*, the Twelfth Day of *March*, 1746.

PRESENT,

The King's moſt Excellent Majeſty in His Privy Council.

WHEREAS in purſuance of the Powers veſted in his Majeſty, by an Act paſſed in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, intituled, An Act to enable his Majeſty to make Rules, Orders, and Regulations, more effectually to prevent the ſpreading of the Diſtemper which now rages amongſt the Horned Cattle in this Kingdom, which is explained and continued by an Act paſſed in this preſent Seſſion of Parliament; his Majeſty hath thought proper, by and with the Advice of his Privy Council, from Time to Time, to make ſuch Rules, Orders and Regulations, as to his Majeſty in his great Wiſdom appeared to be moſt likely to prevent the ſpreading of the ſaid Diſtemper. And whereas it was, amongſt other Things, required and commanded by his Majeſty, by his Order in Council of the Seventeenth Day of December laſt, That no Oxen, Bulls, Cows, Calves, Steers, or Heifers (except fat Cows and Oxen ready for immediate Slaughter) ſhould be ſent, driven, or removed, or cauſed to be ſent, driven, or removed, out of any Town, Pariſh, or Extraparochial Place, to any Fair, Market, or any other Town, Pariſh, or Extraparochial Place whatſoever, within that Part of Great Britain called England, or ſhould be bought, ſold, or offered or expoſed to Sale, in any ſuch Fair, Market, Town, Pariſh, or Extraparochial Place, for the Space of three Calendar Months, to be computed and begin from the Twenty-ſeventh Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and forty ſix; and that no fatted Oxen or Cows, ſhould be driven, removed, or ſent, or cauſed to be driven, removed, or ſent, to or from any ſuch Fair, Market, Town, Pariſh, or Extraparochial Place, unleſs under ſuch Reſtrictions and Regulations, as were ſet forth in the ſaid Order of the Seventeenth Day of December; And whereas his Majeſty, by his Order in Council of the Fifteenth Day of January laſt, was pleaſed to take off the ſaid Prohibition, ſo far as the ſame related to fatted Calves ready for Slaughter, under ſuch Limitations and Reſtrictions as were to be uſed with reſpect to fatted Cows and Oxen. And whereas it hath been repreſented to his Majeſty, that it will be expedient, after the Twenty fourth Day of this Inſtant March, to permit lean Oxen, Bulls, Cows, Calves, Steers, and Heifers, to be driven, removed, bought and ſold, that his Majeſty's Subjects may be enabled to ſtock their Grounds, and make their Lands uſeful, provided the ſame be done under ſuch Reſtrictions as may be neceſſary at the ſame Time, to prevent the ſpreading of the ſaid Diſtemper—— His Majeſty doth therefore, by and with the Advice of his Privy Council, hereby require and command, That all Rules, Orders, and Regulations heretofore made, in relation to fatted Cows, Oxen, and Calves, be ſtrictly obſerved for the Space of three Calendar Months from the Twenty fourth Day of this Inſtant March, and that the ſame be extended to fatted Steers and Heifers ready for immediate Slaughter: And his Majeſty doth hereby permit lean Cattle to be driven, removed, ſold, and expoſed to Sale, provided nevertheleſs, and his Majeſty doth hereby ſtrictly require and command, that for the Space of three Calendar Months, to be computed and begin from the ſaid Twenty fourth Day of this Inſtant March, no Per-

[Price Four-pence.]

Perſon do ſend, drive, or remove, or cauſe to be ſent, driven, or removed, any lean Ox, Bull, Cow, Calf, Steer, or Heifer, out of any Town, Pariſh, or Extraparochial Place whatſoever, within that Part of Great Britain called England, to any Fair, Market, or any other Town, Pariſh, or Extraparochial Place within the ſame, or do buy, ſell, or expoſe or offer to Sale, in any ſuch Fair, Market, Town, Pariſh, or Extraparochial Place, any lean Ox, Bull, Cow, Calf, Steer, or Heifer, unleſs the Perſon or Perſons ſelling ſuch Beaſt or Beaſts, do deliver to the Perſon or Perſons who ſhall buy ſuch Beaſt or Beaſts, a Certificate under the Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals, of one or more Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace, for the County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Liberty, or Town Corporate, or of one or more Commiſſioner or Commiſſioners of the Land Tax appointed for the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and forty ſix, who have duly qualified themſelves to put the ſaid Act in Execution, (which Commiſſioners are, by the Act made this preſent Seſſion of Parliament, for continuing, explaining and amending the Act made the laſt Seſſion, relating to the Diſtemper'd Cattle, empowered and required, to put in Execution all and every the Powers and Authorities given by the ſaid firſt mentioned Act, or this preſent Act, to the Juſtices of the Peace of the ſeveral Counties, Ridings, Diviſions, Cities, Liberties, and Towns Corporate within their reſpective Diviſions, in as full and ample Manner, as the Juſtices of the Peace might do within the ſame, except within the County of Middleſex, and all Cities and Towns which are Counties within themſelves) or in Caſe no Juſtice of the Peace, or Commiſſioner of the Land Tax, authorized as aforeſaid, be reſident within three Miles of the Place from whence ſuch Beaſt or Beaſts ſhall be driven, then under the Hand and Seal of the Rector, Vicar, or Curate of the Pariſh from whence ſuch Beaſt or Beaſts ſhall be driven, or in his Abſence, of the Rector, Vicar, or Curate of ſome neighbouring Pariſh, ſpecifying the Name or Names, and Place or Places of Abode of the Perſon or Perſons ſelling ſuch Beaſt or Beaſts, and that upon Examination on Oath of one or more credible Perſon or Perſons, it appeared to him or them, that the ſaid Beaſt or Beaſts, and the Herd or Herds out of which the ſame was or were taken, was or were and had been for the Space of two Calendar Months before the Date of ſuch Certificate, entirely free from the ſaid Diſtemper or Infection, and that ſuch Beaſt or Beaſts had been in the actual Poſſeſſion of the Perſon or Perſons ſelling the ſame, for the Space of two Calendar Months at the leaſt, before the Sale thereof, except only with regard to ſuch Calves as may be ſold at or about Twelve Days old: As to which, Liberty is hereby given for the Sale of ſuch Calves, provided, that before the Sale thereof, ſuch Certificate, as is before required, ſhall be obtained for the Cow or Cows from which ſuch Calf or Calves came; as likewiſe, that ſuch Calf or Calves are in good Health, and have not till ſuch Time of Sale, been ſeparated from the Cow or Cows to which they belong; —but nothing herein contained is meant or intended to take away the Liberty granted by his Majeſty's Order of Council of the Fifteenth of January laſt, to remove Cattle from one Paſture to another, though the ſame ſhould be in different Pariſhes, provided the Condition required by the ſaid Order be duly complied with.

And his Majeſty doth hereby further require and command the Church-wardens, Overſeers of the Poor, Conſtables and Inſpectors, or ſome or one of them, to ſtop any Cattle which ſhall be carried or driven contrary to this or any former Order of his Majeſty in Council then ſubſiſting, or to the ſaid Acts of Parliament, and bring the Offender or Offenders before ſome Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace, or ſome Commiſſioner or Commiſſioners of the Land Tax as aforeſaid, to be dealt with according to Law.—And ſuch Church-wardens and other Officers, or ſome or one of them, are hereby authorized, during the Time that ſuch Offender or Offenders ſhall be under Examination of ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices, or Commiſſioner or Commiſſioners of the Land Tax as aforeſaid, to put the ſaid Cattle under the Care of ſome proper Perſon;—And if upon Examination before the ſaid Juſtice or Juſtices, or Commiſſioner or Commiſſioners of the Land Tax as aforeſaid, it ſhall appear that the ſaid Cattle have been driven contrary to this or ſuch former Order, or the ſaid Acts, then he or they do cauſe the ſaid Cattle to be drove back the ſame Way, to the Place or Grounds from whence they were brought, with ſome proper Perſon to attend them, or take ſuch Order concerning the ſaid Cattle, as ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices, or Commiſſioner or Commiſſioners of the Land Tax as aforeſaid ſhall judge moſt proper, according to the Circumſtances of the Caſe; and the Expences of the Perſons ſo to be appointed to take care of ſuch Cattle, are to be paid out of the County Stock, as directed by the Act of this preſent Seſſion of Parliament; but in Caſe it ſhall appear that ſuch Beaſt or Beaſts is or are infected, that then he or they do cauſe the ſame to be ſhot, or otherwiſe killed and buried in the Manner preſcribed by his Majeſty's Order of Council of the Twelfth of March, One thouſand ſeven hundred and forty five.

And whereas ſome Doubts have ariſen, whether by his Majeſty's afore-mentioned Order of Council of the Seventeenth of December laſt, a Prohibition was not laid upon the driving of Oxen from one Pariſh to another, in all Caſes where they are made uſe of for the Plough and other

other Kinds of Draft;—For obviating thereof, his Majeſty doth hereby Order, with the Advice of his Privy Council, that in all thoſe Parts of this Kingdom where it has been uſual to employ Oxen for the Plough and other Kinds of Draft, no Reſtraint be in ſuch Caſes laid upon the Oxen, but that the Owner or Owners thereof be at Liberty to drive them from one Pariſh to another in the Plough, or in any Carts, Waggons, or other Carriages, or Kinds of Draft, provided no Diſtemper hath hitherto been, or ſhall hereafter happen to be amongſt the Horned Cattle within Twenty Miles of the Pariſh or Place from which, or to which, ſuch Oxen ſhall be drove.

That in all Caſes where any Hide or Skin hath been, or ſhall hereafter be brought, ſent, or cauſed to be brought, ſent, or bought, ſold, expoſed or offered to Sale, contrary to his Majeſty's Order of Council of the Seventeenth of December laſt, the Juſtices of the Peace, or the Commiſſioners of the Land Tax as aforeſaid, are to cauſe ſuch Hide or Skin to be cut, ſlaſhed and buried, in the ſame Manner as is required by the former Orders of Council to be done, with reſpect to the Hides or Skins of the Cattle that ſhall be killed, and to convict and puniſh the Offenders according to Law.

That no Ox, Bull, Cow, Calf, Steer or Heifer, whether fat or lean, or any Hide or Skin of ſuch Beaſts, be ſuffered to paſs the Rivers Humber and Trent, or either of them Northward, nor the Rivers Severn and Dee, or either of them Weſtward, for the Space of three Calendar Months from the Twenty-fourth Day of this Inſtant March;—And for that Purpoſe, his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace, as alſo the Commiſſioners of the Land Tax as aforeſaid, for the ſeveral Counties, Hundreds, Ridings and Diviſions through which the ſaid Rivers run, are hereby required to cauſe ſtrict Watch to be conſtantly kept, to guard all the Bridges, Fords, Boats and Ferries upon the ſaid Rivers, and to carry all Offenders herein before the next Juſtice of the Peace, or Commiſſioner of the Land Tax as aforeſaid, to be dealt with according to Law.

And his Majeſty doth hereby ratify and confirm all the Rules, Orders and Regulations, and alſo all and every other Part of his afore-mentioned Orders in his Privy Council of the Twelfth of March, the Seventeenth of December, and Fifteenth of January laſt, unleſs where the ſame are varied by this preſent Order.—And his Majeſty doth hereby ſtrictly charge and command all his Juſtices of the Peace, Commiſſioners of the Land Tax as aforeſaid, Conſtables, Churchwardens and Overſeers, and all Farmers, Cowkeepers, and others, to conform themſelves to what is thereby required, as alſo by this his further Order in his Privy Council.

And for the better notifying of this Order, it is his Majeſty's Pleaſure, that the ſame be forthwith printed and publiſhed, and be alſo inſerted in the next London Gazette, and be likewiſe read, together with the ſaid former Orders of Council, in all Pariſh Churches, Chapels, and other Places ſet apart for Divine Worſhip, on ſuch Sunday in every Calendar Month as the Miniſter of ſuch Pariſh ſhall think proper, according to what is required by the Act paſſed this preſent Seſſion of Parliament.

William Sharpe.

AT the Court at *St. James's* the 12th Day of *March*, 1746.

PRESENT,

The King's moſt Excellent Majeſty in his Privy Council.

Whereas Thomas Dixon otherwiſe Shoemaker Tom, of or near Hawkhurſt in the County of Kent, Labourer, and Thomas Buffis otherwiſe Pouncer, of the ſame Place, Labourer, were upon the Twenty firſt Day of February laſt charged, by Information of ſeveral credible Perſons upon Oath by them ſubſcribed before Thomas Burdus, Eſq; one of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace for the County of Middleſex, with having been guilty, upon the fourth Day of the ſaid Month of February laſt, of being, together with another Perſon, armed with Fire Arms; and ſo armed, being aſſembled at a Place between Godſtone and Redhill, in the Pariſh of Nutfield in the County of Surry, in order to be aiding and aſſiſting in the Running and carrying away uncuſtomed Goods, and with having been guilty, upon the ſaid fourth Day of the ſaid Month of February laſt, together with the ſaid other Perſon, being ſo armed and aſſembled as aforeſaid, of forcibly hindering, obſtructing, aſſaulting, oppoſing and reſiſting an Officer of the Cuſtoms, in the Seizing and Securing the ſaid uncuſtomed Goods, and with having been guilty, upon the ſaid fourth Day of the ſaid Month of February laſt, together with the ſaid other Perſon, being ſo armed and aſſembled as aforeſaid, of reſcuing, after Seizure, the ſaid uncuſtomed Goods, which were ſeized by the ſaid Officer of the Cuſtoms. Which Information was afterwards certified by the ſaid Thomas Burdus, under his Hand and Seal, to one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State, who has laid the ſame before his Majeſty in his Privy Council, purſuant to the late Act of Parliament of the Nineteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, in that Caſe made and provided—His Majeſty doth, by and with the Advice of his Privy Council, by this his Order in his Privy Council, require and command, that the ſaid Thomas Dixon otherwiſe Shoemaker Tom, and Thomas Buffis otherwiſe Pouncer, and each of them, do ſurrender himſelf and themſelves within the Space of Forty Days after the firſt Publication

lication of this Order in the London Gazette, to the Lord Chief Juſtice, or one other of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Court of King's Bench, or to one of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace.

William Sharpe.

AT the Court at St. *James's*, the 12th Day of *March* 1746.

PRESENT,

The King's moſt Excellent Majeſty in his Privy Council.

Whereas Thomas Cheeſeman, commonly called and known by the Name of Butcher Tom, of Wadhurſt in the County of Suſſex, Labourer, was, upon the Eleventh Day of this Inſtant March, charged by Information of a credible Perſon upon Oath, by him ſubſcribed before Thomas Burdus, Eſq; one of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace for the County of Middleſex, with having been guilty, upon the Seventeenth or Eighteenth Day of Auguſt laſt, of being, together with diverſe other Perſons, armed with Fire Arms, or other offenſive Weapons, and ſo armed, being aſſembled in the Pariſh of Ringwould, in the County of Kent, upon the King's Highway there, near to a Place called Oxney, in the ſaid Pariſh, in order to be aiding and aſſiſting in the Running and Carrying away Uncuſtomed Goods, or Goods liable to the Payment of Duties, which have not been paid or ſecured; which Information was afterwards certified by the ſaid Thomas Burdus, under his Hand and Seal, to one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State, who has laid the ſame before his Majeſty in his Privy Council, purſuant to the late Act of Parliament of the Nineteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty in that Caſe made and provided; his Majeſty doth, by and with the Advice of his Privy Council, by this his Order in his Privy Council, require and command, that the ſaid Thomas Cheeſeman, commonly called and known by the Name of Butcher Tom, do ſurrender himſelf within the Space of Forty Days after the firſt Publication of this Order in the London Gazette, to the Lord Chief Juſtice, or one other of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Court of King's Bench, or to one of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace.

William Sharpe.

AT the Court at St. *James's*, the 12th Day of *March* 1746.

PRESENT,

The King's moſt Excellent Majeſty in his Privy Council.

Whereas Thomas Glover, of Newing Green, near Folkſtone in the County of Kent, Labourer, was, upon the Eleventh Day of this Inſtant March, charged by Information of a credible Perſon upon Oath, by him ſubſcribed before Thomas Burdus, Eſq; one of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace for the County of Middleſex, with having been guilty, upon the Twenty fourth Day of October laſt, of being, together with diverſe other Perſons, armed with Fire Arms, or other offenſive Weapons, and ſo armed, being aſſembled at Saint Margarett's Bay, in the Pariſh of Saint Margarett's at Cliff, in the County of Kent, in order to be aiding and aſſiſting in the Running, Landing, and Carrying away Uncuſtomed Goods; which Information was afterwards certified by the ſaid Thomas Burdus, under his Hand and Seal, to one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State, who has laid the ſame before his Majeſty in his Privy Council, purſuant to the late Act of Parliament of the Nineteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, in that Caſe made and provided; his Majeſty doth, by and with the Advice of his Privy Council, by this his Order in his Privy Council, require and command, That the ſaid Thomas Glover do ſurrender himſelf within the Space of Forty Days after the firſt Publication of this Order in the London Gazette, to the Lord Chief Juſtice, or one other of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Court of King's Bench, or to one of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace.

William Sharpe.

By the King,

A PROCLAMATION,

For Apprehending and Securing the Perſon of William Leverland.

GEORGE R.

WHEREAS on the Twenty fourth Day of February laſt, a Complaint was made to the Houſe of Commons, at the Requeſt of the Burgeſſes of the Borough of Calne, in the County of Wilts, that an undue Attempt had been made to influence them in giving their Votes for a Member to ſerve in Parliament for the ſaid Borough, by the Promiſe of Fifteen hundred Pounds, to be depoſited in a Banker's Hands for that Purpoſe, to be ſpent or diſtributed as the major Part of the Electors ſhould think proper; and a Letter ſigned W. Leverland, and dated London, January 13th, 1746 (in which Letter that Depoſit is promiſed for that Purpoſe) being read, it was ordered, That the ſaid W. Leverland ſhould attend the ſaid Houſe of Commons upon that Day Sevennight: And whereas on the Third Day of March Inſtant, the Order of the Day,

Day, for the Attendance of W. Leverland, being read; and the ſaid W. Leverland not attending according to Order; and Evidence having been given to the ſaid Houſe of Commons, that the ſaid W. Leverland had Notice of the ſaid Order, and that his Chriſtian Name is William, it was further ordered, That the ſaid William Leverland ſhould, for his ſaid Contempt, be taken into the Cuſtody of the Serjeant at Arms attending the ſaid Houſe: But the ſaid William Leverland has abſconded, and cannot be apprehended: And whereas an humble Addreſs hath been preſented to us by the Knights, Citizens, and Burgeſſes, and the Commiſſioners for Shires and Burghs, in Parliament aſſembled, that we would be graciouſly pleaſed to iſſue our Royal Proclamation for apprehending the ſaid William Leverland, with a Promiſe of Reward for the ſame; we have thought fit, by the Advice of our Privy Council, to iſſue this our Royal Proclamation, hereby requiring and commanding all our loving Subjects whatſoever, to diſcover and apprehend, or cauſe the ſaid William Leverland to be diſcovered and apprehended, and to carry him before ſome of our Juſtices of the Peace, or chief Magiſtrates of the County, Town, or Place, where he ſhall be apprehended; who are reſpectively required to ſecure the ſaid William Leverland, ſo apprehended, and thereof to give ſpeedy Notice to one of our Principal Secretaries of State, to the end he may be forth-coming, to be dealt withal, and proceeded againſt, according to Law: And for the Prevention of the Eſcape of the ſaid William Leverland, into Parts beyond the Seas, we do require and command all our Officers of the Cuſtoms, and other our Officers and Subjects of and in our reſpective Ports and Maritime Towns and Places, within our Kingdom of Great Britain, that they, and every of them, in their reſpective Places and Stations, be careful and diligent in the Examination of all Perſons that ſhall paſs, or endeavour to paſs beyond the Seas; and if they ſhall diſcover the ſaid William Leverland, then to cauſe him to be apprehended and ſecured, and to give Notice thereof as aforeſaid. And we do hereby ſtrictly charge and command all our loving Subjects, as they will anſwer the contrary at their Perils, that they do not any ways conceal, but do diſcover him the ſaid William Leverland, to the end he may be ſecured; and for the Encouragement of all Perſons, to be diligent and careful in endeavouring to diſcover and apprehend the ſaid William Leverland, we do hereby further declare, That whoſoever ſhall diſcover and apprehend him the ſaid William Leverland, and ſhall bring him before ſome Juſtice of the Peace, or Chief Magiſtrate, as aforeſaid, ſhall have and receive, as a Reward for the Diſcovery, apprehending, and bringing him the ſaid William Leverland before ſuch Juſtice of the Peace, or Chief Magiſtrate, as aforeſaid, the Sum of One Hundred Pounds, which our Commiſſioners of our Treaſury are hereby required and directed to pay accordingly.

Given at our Court at St. *James's* the Twelfth Day of *March* 1746, in the Twentieth Year of our Reign.

GOD Save the King.

Copenhagen, March 14, *N. S.* Orders are given for raiſing two new Regiments of regular Infantry, one called Falſter, under the Command of Major General Numſen, and the other called Moen, under the Command of Colonel Dehn, who both had national Regiments before. The reſt of the Officers are likewiſe appointed; and 15 Men will be drawn from each Company of the 12 regular Regiments already eſtabliſhed, to compoſe thoſe new Corps. But the Deficiencies cauſed by the ſaid Draughts are not to be filled up till Occaſion requires, ſo that no additional Expence is incurred by this Augmentation, beyond what the Pay of the Officers may amount to. There is ſome Talk of forming a new Regiment or two of Dragoons after the ſame Manner. The Queen of Denmark dined Yeſterday in Publick as uſual.

Berlin, March 14, *N. S.* An Embargo is laid upon the Boats and Veſſels here, which are to carry ſome Ammunition and Artillery into Sileſia.

Rotterdam, March 24, *N. S.* The Tranſports from England arrived laſt Wedneſday Noon, and thoſe from Scotland the ſame Night. His Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland paſſed by this Place Yeſterday Morning, in his Way to Williamſtadt.

Williamſtadt, March 24, *N. S.* His Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland arrived here laſt Night, where the Tranſports from the River Thames, with the Troops on board, under the Command of Lieutenant General Hawley; and thoſe from Scotland, under the Earl of Albemarle, came into Port the Day before Yeſterday. They began to diſembark Yeſterday Morning.

Hague, March 24, *N. S.* They write from Bruſſels, by this Day's Letters, that the French are making a great Quantity of Faſcines in the Foreſt of Soignies, which are tranſported to Louvain as faſt as made: That M. de Schelles was gone to Antwerp, Mechlin, Louvain, and Namur, to give ſtrict Orders, that the Army may be provided with all Neceſſaries at the Opening of the Campaign: That Boats were arriving every Day from Ghent, laden with all Kinds of Stores, which were immediately ſent forward to Namur, where the French had already aſſembled a Train of 80 Pieces of Cannon, and 50 Mortars; and that the Troops arrived daily in ſuch Numbers, that it was expected every Thing would be ready for the Opening of the Campaign the firſt Week of next Month. By the Paris Letters of the 20th, the Miniſter of

War had given Orders, in the Night between the 17th and 18th, to all Officers without Exception, to go and join their reſpective Corps forthwith. Marſhal Saxe was returned on the 19th from Verſailles, and deſigned to ſet out in a few Days for the Army. There were 40 Sail of the laſt Martinico Fleet ſtill miſſing, which were ſuppoſed to be taken; beſides ſeven Ships that were loſt in the Beginning of this Month on the Coaſt of Lower Normandy. Neither the Troops embarked at Toulon and Antibes, which were out in thoſe Roads on the 6th, nor thoſe from Marſeilles, which had anchored the ſame Day under the Caſtle of If, were ſailed on the 10th, but they waited only for a favourable Wind; with which, it is ſaid, they can run to Genoa in ſix and thirty Hours, provided they meet with no Moleſtation from the Britiſh Ships. There are, from Time to Time, ſome ſingle Veſſels that ſlip out by Stealth. The ſame Letters bring Advices from Aix in Provence, of the 11th Inſtant, according to which, two Britiſh Ships, the one of 30 Guns, and the other an armed Sloop, had anchored the Sunday before off of Cannes; upon which a Battery of three Guns immediately played, and in leſs than half an Hour diſabled the Sloop. The other Ship continued a very briſk Fire in Spite of the ſaid Battery; did ſome Damage to the Ships in the Port, beat down ſeveral Houſes in the Town, killed three Gunners, and wounded ſeveral others. During this Fire, the Cannon from the Iſles played briskly upon the Mortars at the Croiſette, but without great Effect. It was not then known with Certainty, whether the above-mentioned Succours, deſigned for Genoa, were ſailed or not.

London, March 17, 1746.

A General Court of the Company of Proprietors for Recovering and Preſerving the Navigation of the River DEE, will be held at their Office in St. Swithen's Lane, on Thurſday the 2d of April 1747. being an half Yearly Court, of which all concerned are deſired to take Notice.

March 14, 1746.

The Court of Directors of the Bank of England, give Notice, That a General Court to conſider of a Dividend, will be held at the Bank on Thurſday next, the 19th Inſtant, at Eleven in the Forenoon; which will be likewiſe upon ſpecial Affairs; And alſo, That another General Court will be held at the Bank on Tueſday the 7th of April next, from Nine in the Forenoon to Six in the Afternoon, for the Election of a Governor and Deputy Governor for the Year enſuing; which Election will be declared that Evening. And the ſaid Court will be continued by Adjournment, and held at the ſame Place, and during the ſame Hours, on Wedneſday the 8th of April, for the Election of Twenty Four Directors, (which will be alſo one of the Quarterly General Courts appointed by the Charter.) And the Election of the Twenty Four Directors will be declared as ſoon as the Scrutiny is over. Printed Liſts of the Proprietors having Votes, will be ready to be delivered at the Bank on Saturday the 4th of April next.

Robert Lewin, *Secretary.*

Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Company of his Majeſty's Ship Nottingham, who were on board at the taking the Noſtra Seniora del Carmen, St. Joan Baptiſta, a Spaniſh Ship, the 19th of July laſt, (in Company with his Majeſty's Ships Eagle and Faulcon Sloop) that they may receive their reſpective Shares of the Produce of the ſaid Prize, at the Swan in Chandois Street, near Covent Garden, on Tueſday the 24th Inſtant; and all ſuch Shares as ſhall not then be demanded, will be paid at Mr. Yates's, the Corner of Chandois Street, from Ten a Clock till Two, the firſt Tueſday in every Month for three Years to come.

The Principal Officers and Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Navy give Notice, that they will be ready to treat with ſuch Perſons as are deſirous to ſell and import the Stores under-mentioned for his Majeſty's Service, between Nine and Ten of the Clock each Morning, on the Days expreſs'd againſt the ſame, that they may attend with their Propoſals at thoſe Times, viz.

Norway Goods,	*Wedneſday,*	18 *March*	1746.
Hemp,	*Friday,*	20 *Ditto.*	
Eaſt Country Tar,	*Wedneſday*	25 *March*	1747.
Riga Maſts,	*Friday,*	27 *Ditto.*	

Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Foremaſtmen of his Majeſty's Ships Defiance and Ruby, who were on board at the Taking the Ambuſcade, a French Man of War, (in Company with the Salisbury) that they will be paid their reſpective Shares of the Produce of the Hull and Stores of the ſaid Prize, at the Queen's Head in Brook Street, Holbourn, on the firſt Monday in April next. At which Time and Place ſuch of the Officers and Seamen of the Defiance, Ruby and Portland, who were at the Taking the two Siſters and Mary Frances Schooners, as have not already received their Shares, will be paid the ſame; and all ſuch Shares of the ſaid Prizes, as ſhall not then be demanded, will be paid at the ſame Place the 1ſt Monday in every Month for three Years after.

Advertiſements.

This Day is Publiſh'd,

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SERMONS on various Subjects, Moral and Theological.

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STEPHEN WESTON, *D. D.*

Late Biſhop of *Exeter.*

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Printed by E. Owen, in Warwick-Lane.

THE

THE Perſon who was ſo unfortunate to loſe the following Bank Notes on Tueſday laſt the 10th of this Inſtant March 1746-7, gives Notice, that the greateſt Part of the ſaid Notes were intruſted with him to purchaſe ſome Government Stocks for a Perſon ſo infirm, as not to be able to go himſelf, and that the Loſs will be the inevitable Ruin of the unhappy Sufferer and his Family; to prevent which, he is willing to give Two Hundred Pounds Reward for the Whole, or in Proportion for any Part thereof, without any Queſtions ask'd, to be paid by Mr. Richard Shergold, at his Office in Pope's Head Ally, Cornhill, London; or by Mr. Owen, at the Tennis Court Coffee-houſe, Whitehall; or by the Sufferer at his Houſe in Little Rider's-ſtreet, St. James's.

Note, No greater Reward will be offered.

C No. 131	to Capt. John Myers	l. 300	dated 8 Oct.	1746
C 205	Mr. John Butler	100	1 Sept.	1746
No. 69	Mr. Matthew Collet	100	19 Sep.	1745 or 1746
B No. 85	James Colebrook, Eſq;	100	8 Oct.	1746
*No. 252	Meſſ. Kruger and Co.	50	9 Aug.	1746
155	Mr. Matthew Collet	50	23 Sept.	1746
C No. 132	Mr. John David	42 17 s. 6 d.	10 Oct.	1746
No. 78	Mr. Matthew Collet	20	14 June	1746
No. 67	Ditto ——	50	19 Feb.	1746.
No. 72	Ditto ——	50	Ditto	
No. 73	Ditto ——	50	Ditto	
No. 74	Ditto ——	50	Ditto	
No. 75	Ditto - -	50	Ditto	

No. C. 59 to George Hall, Jan. 31, 1743.

Note, Payment is ſtopt both at Home and Abroad.

TO be peremptorily ſold, on Thurſday the 7th Day of May next, between the Hours of Four and Six of the Clock in the Afternoon, purſuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before William Kinaſton, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, A Freehold Eſtate at Tottenham in the County of Middleſex, late the Eſtate of John Trulock, Gent. deceaſed. Particulars whereof may be had at the ſaid Maſter's Chambers in Lincoln's Inn.

PUrſuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, the Creditors of Mary Archer, late of Cricklade in the County of Wilts, Spinſter, are forthwith to come before William Kinaſton, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Chambers in Lincoln's Inn, and prove their ſeveral Demands, or in Default thereof, they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Decree.

THIS is to give Notice to all Perſons who have any Demands upon the Eſtates of Mr. George Tyrer, or Mr. Thomas Tyrer, both late of Liverpoole, in the County of Lancaſter, Gentlemen, deceaſed, or Mrs. Margrett Farrington, of Liverpoole aforeſaid Widow, deceaſed, that they are deſired to ſend in their reſpective Accounts in Particulars to William Eccleſton, Attorney at Law, in Liverpoole aforeſaid, immediately. Likewiſe, All thoſe that are indebted to the above Mr. George Tyrer, Mr. Thomas Tyrer, and Mrs. Margrett Farrington, deceaſed, are deſired to pay the ſame to ſaid William Eccleſton immediately, who is authorized to receive the ſame by the Executors, or they will be ſued.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt John Beckett, late of the City of Briſtol, Merchant, intend to meet on the 9th Day of April next, at Eleven of the Clock in the Forenoon, at the Houſe of the Widow Barry, commonly called the Exchange Coffee-houſe in Corn-ſtreet, Briſtol, in order to make a Dividend of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate; when and where the Creditors who not already proved their Debts, may come prepared to do ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend. And the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Aſſignees compounding, agreeing or ſubmitting any Difference or Diſpute, touching the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate, to Arbitration, or to their commencing one or more Suit or Suits, in Law or Equity, relating thereto.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued forth againſt Francis Hawkeſley, of Wapping, in the County of Middleſex, Diſtiller, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 21ſt and 27th of March inſtant, and on the 28th of April next, at Three in the Afternoon, on each of the ſaid Days, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the ſecond Sitting to chuſe Aſſignees, and at the laſt Sitting the ſaid Bankrupt is required to finiſh his Examination, and the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the ſame but to whom the Commiſſioners ſhall appoint.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued forth againſt William Purdy, of the City of Norwich, Dyer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 9th, 13th, and 28th of April next, at Three in the Afternoon on each of the ſaid Days, at the Houſe of James Holland, commonly called or known by the Sign of the Three Tuns, ſituate in the Pariſh of St. Peter of Mancroft in the City aforeſaid, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects, when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the ſecond Sitting to chuſe Aſſignees, and at the laſt Sitting the ſaid Bankrupt is required to finiſh his Examination, and the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the ſame but to whom the Commiſſioners ſhall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Nockold Tompſon, Attorney, at Norwich.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued forth againſt Stephen Peters, of the Pariſh of St. Bartholomew the Great, London, Broker and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 25th and 31ſt of March Inſtant, and on the 28th of April next, at Three in the Afternoon on each of the ſaid Days, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the ſecond Sitting to chuſe Aſſignees, and at the laſt Sitting the ſaid Bankrupt is required to finiſh his Examination, and the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the ſame but to whom the Commiſſioners ſhall appoint.

WHereas the acting Commiſſioners in the Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded againſt William Holme, late of Stockport in the County of Cheſter, Mercer, have certified to the Right Honourable Philip Lord Hardwicke, Baron of Hardwicke, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the ſaid William Holme hath in all Things conformed himſelf according to the Directions of the ſeveral Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts: This is to give Notice, that by Virtue of an Act paſſed in the fifth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the ſaid Act directs, unleſs Cauſe be ſhewn to the contrary on or before the 8th of April next.

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